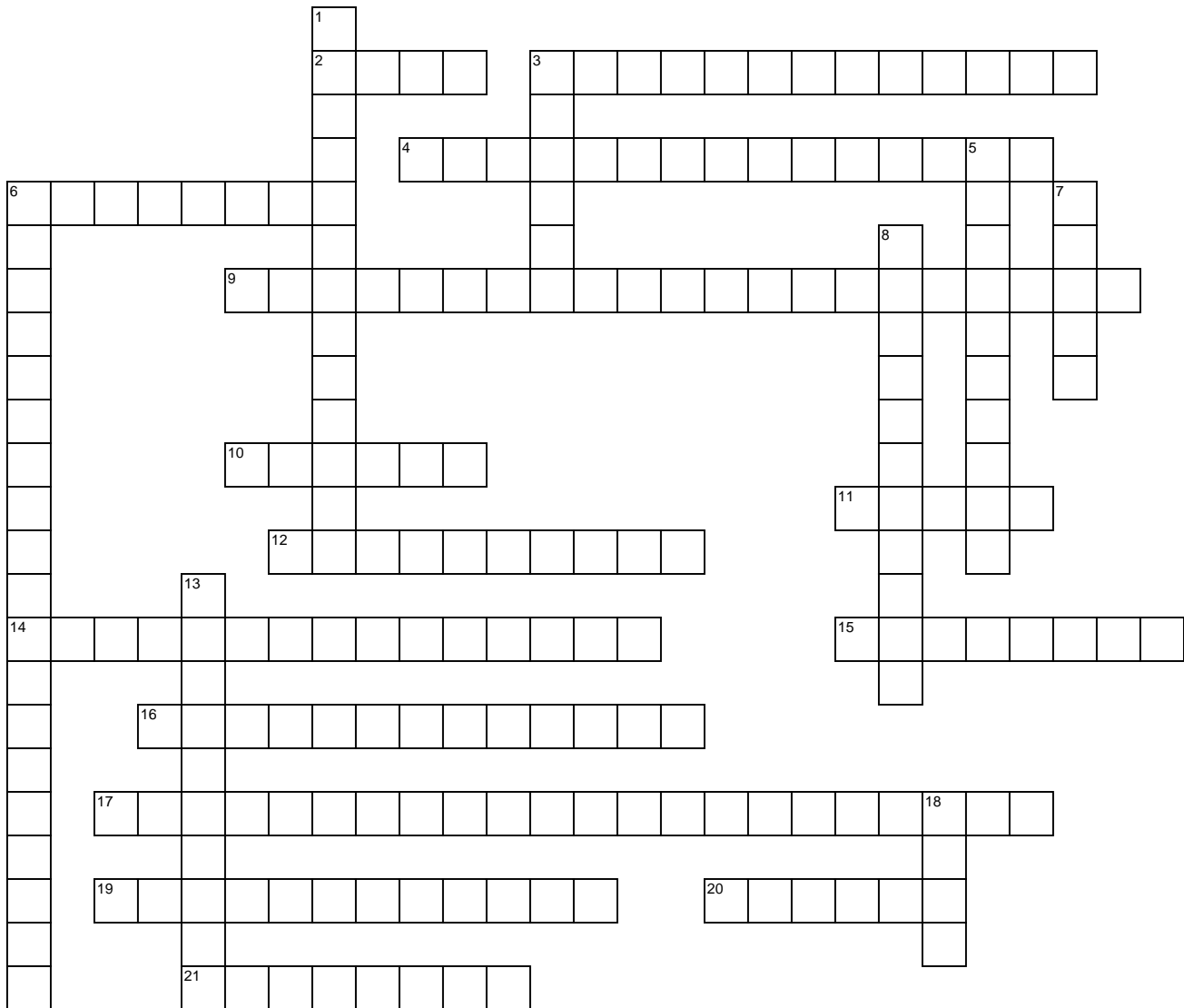


# American Government: Chapter 12



www.CrosswordWeaver.com

## ACROSS

- 2 when a bill is delayed
- 3 this is usually how committee chairmanship is decided
- 4 after a bill goes through this committee, its next stop is to the Senate and House for a final vote
- 6 a committee holds these to learn more about a bill
- 9 these lawmakers can assign a bill to a subcommittee, schedule hearings or ignore a bill. They are usually chosen by seniority
- 10 process in which a committee makes changes to a bill
- 11 these originate with ordinary citizens and interest groups and with the executive branch
- 12 on the first day of the new Congress, they have these to swear members in
- 14 these are chosen by seniority, political skill, etc.
- 15 before a bill is sent to the president, both houses of this body must agree to the same version of a bill
- 16 the person who holds this office casts a vote if the Senate is tied 50-50.
- 17 this legislative body has strict limits on who can speak and for how long, and all bills involved money originate here
- 19 when lawmakers take this, they swear to defend the Constitution
- 20 this is the last part of a bill's passage through a subcommittee after hearings and markup
- 21 Consitutents will know exactly how their representative has voted if this type of vote is taken

## DOWN

- 1 this is a bill with a lot of riders (an amendment attached to a bill that has

little or no relation to the subject) attached

- 3 this legislative body does not limit debate
- 5 when the House Rules Committee limits debate and amendments on a bill
- 6 this committee decides how quickly bill moves through the House
- 7 Committees like Appropriation and Budget are popular because they control this
- 8 the power to grant a member of the House permission to speak
- 13 This is the name for the endless speech you can give in the Senate but not the House. You can end one of these in the Senate with 60 votes for cloture
- 18 the president has ten days to sign a bill or do this with it. It can be overridden with a 2/3 vote of both houses of Congress. This is difficult because Congress members rarely agree, some members don't want to oppose the president and voters want the president and Congress to work together

**Solution:**