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STUDENT ID #:	

DATE _____

SECTION A - STUDENT-ATHLETE MEDICAL HISTORY DO YOU OR HAVE YOU EXPERIENCED ANY OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS? Indicate with a check next to any medical conditions that exist or have existed in the past.

1. Concussion or had your "bell rung"? 2. Frequent headaches, dizziness, or fainting 3. Neck injury involving nerves, bones, or spi 4. Back or neck injury or pain that required m 5. Fractured bone or stress fracture? 6. Significant musculoskeletal injury (sprains 7. Anemia? 8. Depression? 9. Diabetes? 10. Epilepsy or seizures? 11. Hernia? 12. Kidney disease, liver disease or hepatitis 13. Mononucleosis? 14. Recurring anxiety? 15. Skin problems? 16. Stomach ulcers? 17. Unusual bleeding or bruising? 18. Eating disorders, weight gain or loss greating disorders, weight gain or loss greating or pressure in the chest? 21. Shortness of breath? 22. Spitting or coughing up blood? 23. A need to take any kind of medicine?	inal cord, including "stingers" or "ledical treatment? , strains to muscles or major joint ?	25. De 26. De 27. Arr 28. Inj 29. Su 30. Illr student-att 31. He 32. Ch 33. Fra 34. Hi 35. Irm 36. Ex 37. Su 38. Ot cardiomyol	pendency on medicin nital plate or broken/o you missing any orgury while participating regry or hospitalizating so organization of the solution	chipped tooth? gans (kidney, eye, etc. gans (kidney, eye, etc. gans (kidney) on not noted above? dabove? vide approximate date pitations w/ or w/o exe pretension)? breath or fatigue with ing before age 50? roblems (hypertrophic ome, Marfan's syndro ed conditions that will	e and details, including relation to ercise? Determine the exercise are exercise, such as asthma?
ATHLETE AND PARENT/GUARDIAN SIGN We, the athlete and parent/guardian, certif We know of no health reasons that disquate We acknowledge online registration electrons.	y that the below health histo lify this student-athlete from				knowledge.
STUDENT SIGNATURE	PARENT/GU	ARDIAN SIGNATU	RE		DATE
Our pre-participation medical screening fo of tests, procedures, and examinations yo Please review the Student's Medical H • Complete the Physician's Physical Ex • After completing the physical form, pl it to the Athletic Director. If you have any questions regarding the st cunningh@luhsd.net.	ur may deem necessary. Ple listory. It is designed to sa am and sign it. ease make copies for your	ease be as thorough ve you time in you medical records a	as possible. Ir examination. In return the ori	ginal form to the	student-athlete who will submit
Height Weight	Vision: Unaided C	ontacts Glasses	R 20/	L 20/	B 20/
URINALYSIS: Test not Done Glucose	MUSCULOSKELE Nml Abn	TAL C-spine Shoulders		GENERAL ASSESSI Nml Abn	MENT Head Concussion History
CARDIOVASCULAR ASSESSMENT Nml Abn Blood Pressure Sitting Auscultation - Supine Auscultation - Standing Pulse Pulse Rate Physical Signs of Marfan's Syn [Screening if abnormal]		Elibows Wrist Hands Spine Hips Knees Ankles Feet			Eyes ENT Mouth/Teeth Lungs Abdomen GU Skin Neurological
CLEARED for Athletic Activitie	es w/ No Restrictions.		PLEASE PRINT OF	R STAMP	
CLEARED w/ Restrictions as r	noted		ADDRESS: PHONE #:	::	
NOT Cleared at this time.			STATE MEDICAL L	ICENSE NO	

PHYSICIAN'S SIGNATURE _____



Liberty Union High School District Athletics

CONCUSSION INFORMATION SHEET

PARENTS PLEASE KEEP FOR YOUR REFERENCE

A concussion is a brain injury and all brain injuries are serious. They are caused by a bump, blow, or joit to the head, or by a blow to another part of the body with the force transmitted to the head. They can range from mild to severe and can disrupt the way the brain normally works. Even though most concussions are mild, <u>all concussions are potentially serious and may result in complications including prolonged brain damage and death if not recognized and managed properly.</u> In other words, even a "ding" or a bump on the head can be serious. You can't see a concussion and most sports concussions occur without loss of consciousness. Signs and symptoms of concussion may show up right after the injury or can take hours or days to fully appear. If your child reports any symptoms of concussion, or if you notice the symptoms or signs of concussion yourself, seek medical attention right away.

Symptoms may include one or more of the following:

- "Pressure in head" Nausea or vomiting
- Neck pain
- Balance problems or dizziness Blurred, double, or fuzzy vision
- Sensitivity to light or noise
- Feeling sluggish or slowed down
- Feeling foggy or groggy
- Change in sleep patterns
- Amnesia "Don't feel right"
- Fatigue or low energy
- Sadness
- Nervousness or anxiety
- Irritability
- Confusion
- Concentration or memory problems
- (forgetting game plays)
- Repeating the same question/comment

Signs observed by teammates, parents and coaches include:

- Appears dazed
- Vacant facial expression
- Confused about assignment
- Forgets plays
- Is unsure of game, score, or opponent Moves clumsily or displays incoordination
- Answers questions slowly
- Slurred speech Shows behavior or perso
- Can't recall events prior to hit
- Can't recall events after hit
- Any change in typical behavior or personality Loses consciousness

What can happen if my child keeps on playing with a concussion or returns to soon?

Athletes with the signs and symptoms of concussion should be removed from play immediately. Continuing to play with the signs and symptoms of a concussion leaves the young athlete especially vulnerable to greater injury. There is an increased risk of significant damage from a concussion for a period of time after that concussion occurs, particularly if the athlete suffers another concussion before completely recovering from the first one. This can lead to prolonged recovery, or even to severe brain swelling (second impact syndrome) with devastating and even fatal consequences. It is well known that adolescent or teenage athlete will often under report symptoms of injuries. And concussions are no different. As a result, education of administrators, coaches, parents and students is the key for student-athlete's

If you think your child has suffered a concussion

Any athlete even suspected of suffering a concussion should be removed from the game or practice immediately. No athlete may return to activity after an apparent head injury or concussion, regardless of how mild it seems or how quickly symptoms clear, without medical clearance. Close observation of the athlete should continue for several hours. The new CIF Bylaw 313 now requires implementation of long and well-established return to play concussion guidelines that have been recommended for several years:

> "A student-athlete who is suspected of sustaining a concu practice or game shall be removed from competition at that time and for the remainder of the day."

"A student-athlete who has been removed may not return to play until the athlete is evaluated by a licensed heath care provider trained in the evaluation and management of concussion and received written clearance to return to play from that health care provider".

You should also inform your child's coach if you think that your child may have a concussion Remember its better to miss one game than miss the whole season. And when in doubt, the athlete sits out.

For current and up-to-date information on concussions you can go to: http://www.cdc.gov/ConcussionInYouthSports/

PARENTS PLEASE KEEP FOR FUTURE REFERENCE